

Danish IT Society Architecture Certification™

The IT Architecture Education

Foundation level

Syllabus and Preparation Guide

Version 4.00 – 2024.10.11



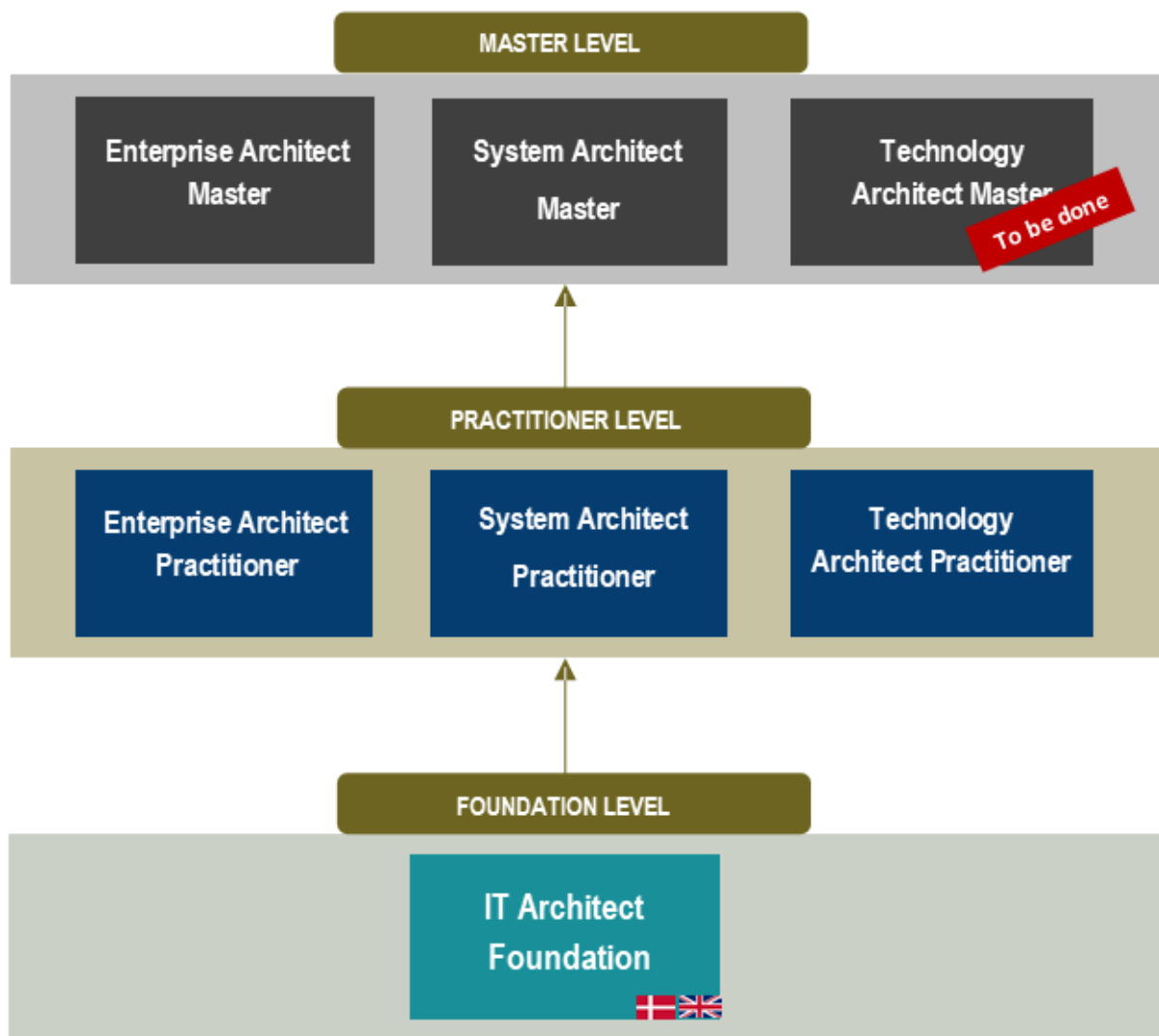
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Danish IT Society Certification – The IT Architecture Education

www.dit.dk/ark

The Education for IT Architects is a Danish certification model targeted at IT Architecture with FDA (Fællesoffentlig Digital Arkitektur - The common public-sector digital architecture) and The Danish IT Society Architecture Competence Framework – DIT ACF¹ as a context, and incorporating TOGAF (The Open Group Architecture Framework), which is a global framework for Enterprise Architecture and IT Architecture.



Throughout the certification model, great emphasis is being placed on

- The architect achieving the project goals
- Communication, roles and competences in and across the business

¹ Danish IT Society Architecture Competence Framework, DIT ACF, is a continuation of The OIO Architecture Framework's Architect Roles and Skills, which in 2020 was acquired and updated by the Danish IT Society - Association of IT professionals. DIT ACF is mapped against the FDA.

- A good mixture of theory and practice, taken from cases and from the participants' own work.

Why a Danish certification?

- We cover more broadly, and we go deeper into the practice of IT Architecture.
- Because FDA sets the frame for and the requirements to public institutions, and to private organisations, which cooperate with public institutions.
- Because The Danish IT Society Architecture Competence Framework and FDA, and its predecessor OIO (Offentlig Information Online – public information online), have become de facto Danish reference frameworks for many private and public organisations.
- Because foreign frameworks and certifications typically have been designed with very large organisations as the starting point, and often as a whole are not well suited for the Nordic market.

Proof of acquired knowledge with a certification

It is important with a concluding exam and certification for the following reasons:

- Commitment and benefits of a course increases when concluded with an exam. These are the only IT Architecture courses on the Danish market, containing FDA and DIT ACF, which concludes with a certification.
- A certification documents that the course participant/employee has acquired knowledge corresponding to the description in the syllabus and preparation guide.

Developed by Danish IT Society and its members of Subject Matter Experts

- The certification is carried by and facilitated by the Danish IT Society and Danish IT Society's Advisory Board consisting of Subject Matter Experts, who develop, review and assure the quality of the certification.
- Members of the Advisory Board and the working groups are anchored broadly in both the private and public sectors, so the certification is rooted in the real world.
- The work is voluntary, and the involved members are enthusiastic about sharing their knowledge and experience with others.
- Danish IT Society is an independent non-governmental organisation and a community for IT professionals. Here you can focus on your career through a continuous development of competences and participation in the largest IT professional network in Denmark. Danish IT Society works to promote and support IT, where it creates value for the individual and for the society. Danish IT Society works to gather, strengthen, and develop IT Users' and IT Professionals' competences and professionalism. And, on an independent basis, take care of the IT interests of the members and of the society at large.

Danish IT Society Architecture Foundation

Target group and focus

Foundation gives a common knowledge and professional understanding of the many aspects of IT Architecture for all architects and for everyone in the organisation involved in IT Architecture.

Throughout the course, one common case is used for exercises, so the course is anchored in the real world.

Foundation gives the broad common understanding for everyone who works with IT Architecture. Based on a broad knowledge, it prepares the course participants to succeed with the projects, become better at communicating with the rest of the organisation, and involve the right decision makers in the projects. The course is based on theory well mixed with cases. It includes a clarifying mock exam, and the course is concluded with an exam.

Foundation is a prerequisite for candidates to continue with the practitioner modules.

Short description of the further certifications

Enterprise Architecture Practitioner

Targeted at people, who work with Enterprise Architecture.

Enterprise Architecture in practise and how it is anchored in the organisation, with a case-based exam.

System- and Solution Architecture Practitioner

Targeted at people, who work with System Architecture, including Solution Architecture, Solution Architects etc.

System Architecture in practise, with background in TOGAF and FDA, with a case-based exam.

Technology Architecture Practitioner

Targeted at people, who work with Technology Architecture.

Technology Architecture in practise for technology- and infrastructure architects, with a case-based exam.

Enterprise Architecture Master

Practical Master education with an independent case-study from one's own organisation, which must be defended.

There are some prerequisites for admittance to the certification regarding previous education and experience, see www.dit.dk/ark.

Course Description

Course content overview

The Foundation course represents the introduction level of Danish IT Society's certification model in IT Architecture.

The objective of this level is presentation of significant models and problem areas as well as clarification of concepts. The focus is on understanding of concepts and knowledge of different IT Architecture considerations, tools, and methods.

As the Foundation certification works as a basis for possible later specialisation, it addresses relevant related questions at a general level.

One of the most important purposes of IT Architecture Foundation is to enable the course participants to understand the different architect roles and their corresponding competences and focus for the architecture tasks. In this way the course creates an overview of tasks and competencies connected to both architect roles with an enterprise focus, as well as architect roles with a narrower system focus.

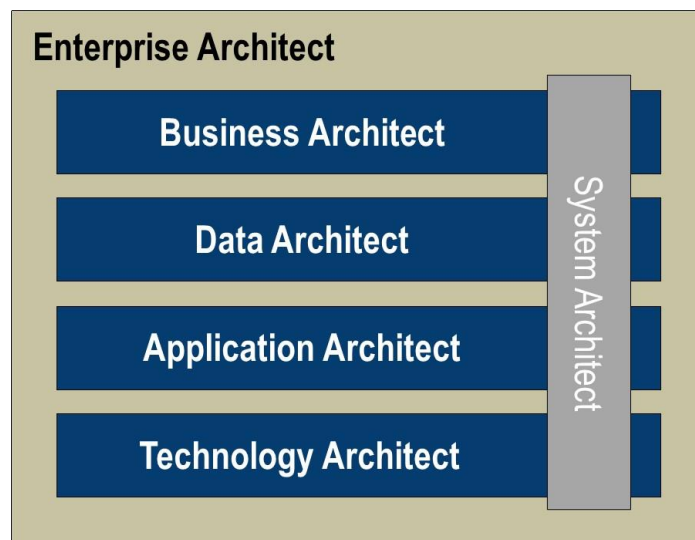
Architect roles with enterprise focus, that is focus on an organisation's entire architecture landscape, i.e., the components and their connections, in all parts of an Organisation Architecture, from Business over Data and Application to Technology. This includes the following:

- Enterprise Architect
- Business Architect
- Data Architect
- Application Architect
- Technology Architect

Architect roles with focus on an individual system, which is part of a larger (enterprise-) whole:

- System/Solution Architect, from here on called System Architect, who solves tasks corresponding to all the architect roles above, but within the context of one individual system rather than a connected set of systems.

The System Architect must therefore possess several competences, spanning a considerable part of the competency range of the other architect roles, only with a narrower focus, as illustrated in the figure below:



Course Duration

Course duration is three days corresponding to 18 hours of training, breaks included. The time needed for the exam is not included.

The course is typically conducted over three days.

Preparation before the course

The course participants must familiarise themselves with the syllabus and references before the course starts. A minimum of 3 hours should be allocated for reading and problem solving, all depending on the student's prior competencies and knowledge of IT Architecture.

At the latest 14 days before start of the course, the course participant will receive from the Training Organisation:

- One practical case, which is used throughout the course for practical assignments
The case must be read before start of the course
- One practical assignment from the case mentioned above (does not require architecture competencies)
The assignment must be completed before start of the course
- This syllabus and preparation guide, containing the full reading list
This guide is part of the curriculum, and describes the full curriculum
- Danish IT Society Architecture Certification – Glossary
The Glossary is part of the curriculum, and must be read before start of the course

Prerequisites for attending the course

There are no prerequisites for attending this course, but it is recommended that one has worked in this area and has knowledge of it.

Exam

The course concludes with an exam of 60 minutes duration. The exam is not mandatory.

- If the exam language is different from the candidate's native language, one may be allowed 15 minutes of extra time
- The exam consists of 40 multiple choice questions, and each correct answer equals 1 mark
- The exam is closed book, i.e. no materials allowed
- Certification is achieved at minimum 65% correct answers, corresponding to a minimum of 26 marks out of 40 possible marks.

Study guide, focus, syllabus, and references

In the following, the contents of the IT Architecture Foundation course are described, divided into modules.

For each module, the following is described:

- Purpose
- Contents, briefly
- References, where the candidate can find further information about the content and background for the individual modules / lessons.

Please note, that at the end of this document there is a full detailed Reference List with links to obtaining all reference materials.

Course modules: weighted subject areas

The course modules contain time for both questions, reflections, and assignments.

Module	Minimum no. of lessons	Course plan -example-
1. Introduction	0,5	Day 1
2. Basic concepts	1,5	Day 1
3. Business Architecture	1	Day 1
4. Data Architecture	1	Day 1
5. Application Architecture	1	Day 1
6. Technology Architecture	1	Day 1
<i>Case work</i>	0,5	Day 2
7. Architecture Method	2	Day 2
8. System/Solution Architecture	1	Day 2
9. Architecture Frameworks	1	Day 2
10. Governance	1	Day 2
<i>Case work</i>	0,5	Day 2
11. The IT Architecture in context	2	Day 3
12. The Architect's competencies and tasks	1,5	Day 3
13. Law, Legislation, Contracts and Agreements	1	Day 3
<i>Case work</i>	1,5	Day 3
Course lessons total	18	

Reading list for the whole certification

The reading list consists of a number of documents and publications. Some of these are part of the syllabus for all modules, and some apply to an individual module.

The following documents and publications are part of the syllabus for all modules, 1 through 13, and must be read in their entirety.

- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2: Glossary of Supplementary Definitions
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2: Chapter 3 Definitions
- Danish IT Society Architecture Certification – Glossary
- FDA The digitally coherent public sector - White Paper on a common public-sector digital architecture
- Practical case and assignments

The documents and publications which apply to an individual module, are specified in the module descriptions below.

1. Introduction

(0.5 lesson)

Purpose

Introduction of the course, including presentation of the certification, coordination of the participants' expectations, and information about the exam.

Contents

- Presentation of participants and expectations
- Danish IT Society's certification model
- Course purpose
- Course contents
- Course plan incl. lessons overview
- Certification references
- Information about the mock exam and the exam
- Walk through of the course case and the pre-course assignment

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- This syllabus and preparation guide
- Practical case and assignments
- The course provider's own course plan

2. Basic concepts

(1.5 lessons)

Purpose

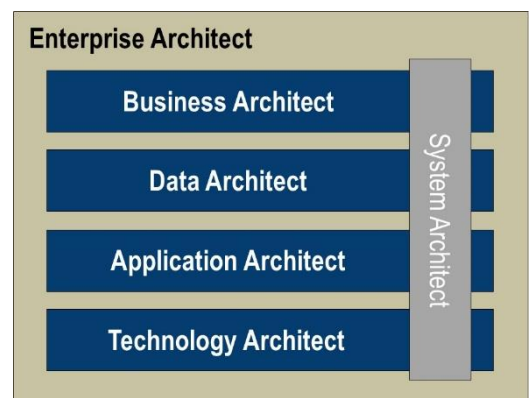
To briefly introduce basic concepts of Enterprise Architecture. All significant concepts used later in the course are introduced here.

It should be noted, that different frameworks use different terminology, and that a particular term may even have different meanings.

An introduction is given to central concepts in the frameworks, which the course uses as common references, including Common Public Digital Architecture (Fællesoffentlig Digital Arkitektur - FDA) and the large de-facto standards and architecture frameworks such as TOGAF.

Contents

- What are basic concepts
- How does Enterprise Architecture relate to the other Architecture Domains
- What is Architecture and Architecture Principles
 - Architecture as:
 - Link between business and IT



- A "way of thinking"
 - The Architect as:
 - The one maintaining an overview
 - The one to ask all the important questions
 - The Architecture as:
 - The place where the different weighing off/compromises take place
 - Focusing on the high level, leaving out the details
 - Both the process and its result: the documentation
 - The long-term thinking
 - Description of the essence in what later is to be designed and developed
- What is the enterprise in Enterprise Architecture
 - Concepts like organisation, business, capability, IT
- How do we use an Architecture
 - Architecture in the change- and building process
 - Architecture in the governance process
- Why is it we want an architecture
 - Business needs versus solution description and solution requirements
 - Architecture Levels, Architecture Frameworks, and Architecture Models
- Concerns, viewpoints and views

References

The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*

3. Business Architecture

(1 lesson)

Purpose

To give a basic understanding of subjects within Business Architecture.

To give an overview of the most important elements of a Business Architecture. How Business Architecture is used to support the company's strategy, vision and objectives.

To enable the participants to distinguish between functional and non-functional requirements.

Contents

- What is Business Architecture
 - Essential Business Views and Business Capabilities
 - Business Functions and -Services
 - Business Process Models
 - Information Flow Models
 - Use Cases
 - Examples of Business Architecture Views (ArchiMate, UML and BPMN)
- TOGAF ADM phases A and B, and Requirements Management
- Architecture vision, strategy and objectives
- Briefly about the requirements specification
 - Types of requirements: FURPS+
 - Non-functional requirements
 - Requirements specification with Use Cases

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
Chapter 6 Phase A: Architecture Vision
Chapter 7 Phase B: Business Architecture

4. Data Architecture

(1 lesson)

Purpose

To give a basic understanding of subjects within Data Architecture.

To give an overview of the most important elements of a Data Architecture.

Contents

- What is Data Architecture
- The importance of Data
- Reference models for data modelling
- Data-dictionary
- Domain-, Conceptual- and Data models, at conceptual, logical and physical level
 - Modelling of Data Architecture (e.g. using ArchiMate)
 - Modelling of a Conceptual- and Data Model (e.g. using UML)
- Data ownership matrices (distributed onto components/systems)
- Business service/Data attachment
 - Data quality and master data management
 - Allocation of data to components and services in an Enterprise Architecture
 - Data lifecycle-diagrams – where is data created, used and removed
- Data distribution diagrams – how is data spread out across the organisation and across components and applications
- Data in cloud solutions, including data ownership and exit strategy
- Data security, categorisation and classification (e.g. GDPR)
- Data standards

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
Chapter 8 Phase C: Information Systems Architectures
Chapter 9 Phase C: Information Systems Architectures - Data Architecture

5. Application Architecture

(1 lesson)

Purpose

To give a basic understanding of subjects within Application Architecture.

To give an overview of the most important elements of an Application Architecture.

To give an introduction to the most common Architectural styles, such as Service-Oriented Architecture, Event-Driven Architecture, and microservices.

Contents

- What is Application Architecture
 - IT-services
 - Application descriptions at conceptual, logical and physical level
 - FDA Application Architecture descriptions in ArchiMate
 - Structuring and organising of an application into components and modules
 - The Application landscape (services, functionality and data, integrations etc.)
- Reuse of services and components
- Use of reference models
- The Application Architecture's demands on the Technical Architecture
- Application Integration patterns (Service Oriented Architecture - SOA, Microservices architecture, Event-Driven Architecture - EDA)

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
 - Chapter 8 Phase C: Information Systems Architectures
 - Chapter 10 Phase C: Information Systems Architectures – Application Architecture

6. Technology Architecture

(1 lesson)

Purpose

To give a basic understanding of subjects within Technology Architecture.

To give an overview of the most important elements of a Technology Architecture.

Contents

- What is Technology Architecture
- TOGAF's Technical Reference Model - TRM
- Description of Technology Architectures: Physical system landscape, Network topology etc.
- Technologies in the Architecture (the technology landscape and the technology standards of the organisation)
- Company-owned technology, bring your own device - BYOD, Cloud/PaaS
- Operating system, Storage-, Network-, Server- and Client Architectures
- Integration Architecture and tool types: GUI, Application, Data Integration, Service etc.
- The architect's tasks related to technology- and product choices

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
 - Chapter 11 Phase D: Technology Architecture
 - Chapter 35.4 Enterprise Continuum in Detail

7. Architecture Method

(2 lessons)

Purpose

To get knowledge of Architecture development methods and how this gives rise to development of different types of architecture artefacts, and in which situations these types of documentation will be useful for analysis.

To understand methods to create coherence between Vision, Business Architecture, Data Architecture, Application Architecture and Technology Architecture.

Indhold

- What is Architecture method
- Architecture vision and objective
- Analysis- and clarification process, including
 - What it is used for
 - Different processes in different organisations (hypothesis- or data driven)
 - Differences between an experimental approach (prototypes) and desk analyses
 - Risk Management in an architecture context
- Architecture views and viewpoints – stakeholder-oriented documentation
 - What is a view / a viewpoint
 - Stakeholders, stakeholder analysis, prioritisation of stakeholders
 - Stakeholder management and communication
- Development of gap analysis, Migration Architectures and documentation in roadmaps
 - Clarify gaps (differences) between Baseline and Target Architecture
 - Determine the effort needed to close gaps
 - Prioritisation of initiatives/projects and migration planning
- Architecture method: examples (TOGAF ADM, FDA)
- How are the different aspects of architecture, their interactions and internal dependencies handled (Business Architecture, Data Architecture, Application Architecture, Technology Architecture and Infrastructure)

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
 - Chapter 6 Phase A: Architecture Vision
 - Chapter 9 Phase C: Information Systems Architectures – Data Architecture
 - Chapter 20 Architecture Principles
 - Chapter 21 Stakeholder Management
 - Chapter 22 Architecture Patterns
 - Chapter 23 Gap Analysis
 - Chapter 30 Content Metamodel
 - Chapter 31 Architectural Artifacts
 - Chapter 32 Architecture Deliverables
 - Chapter 33 Building Blocks

8. System/Solution Architecture

(1 lesson)

Purpose

To understand how one may analyse and categorise the existing business and technical solution elements, with a view to whole or partly reuse, modernisation or replacement.

To understand how, based on requirements and design limitations, one can describe solution possibilities and the implications of solution choices for stakeholders in an understandable manner.

To understand a solution design and a realisable transition towards realising this design.

Contents

- What is System/Solution Architecture
- From analysis to system design
- Assessment of which elements may and should be reused, modernised, replaced or introduced
- Implications of design choices (technical implementation, economy, ...)
- Design of business, data, application and technology - solution design
 - Design of customer journey, user experience and business processes
 - Design of data models and services
 - Design of IT solutions, including possible technology choices
- The design process - and design in TOGAF
- Design (and analysis) in SAFe
- Examples of Solution Architecture styles and patterns
- FDA reference architectures

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- FDA Referencearkitektur for brugerstyring: Summary in English
- FDA Fællesoffentlig referencearkitektur for selvbetjening - Selvbetjening tilrettelagt ud fra brugeroplevelsen: Executive summary
- FDA Fællesoffentlig referencearkitektur for deling af data og dokumenter: Executive summary
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
 - Chapter 22 Architecture Patterns
 - Chapter 31 Architectural Artifacts
 - Chapter 33 Building Blocks

9. Architecture Frameworks

(1 lesson)

Purpose

To introduce different frameworks for the Architecture Process (Architecture Frameworks).

Contents

- What is an Architecture Framework

- What are the characteristics of the different Architecture Frameworks (FDA, TOGAF, Zachman)
 - Advantages and disadvantages
- Central concepts in the following frameworks:
 - TOGAF Standard version 9.2, including Architecture Content Framework
 - FDA - Fællesoffentlig Digital Arkitektur

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- FDA The digitally coherent public sector - White Paper on a common public-sector digital architecture
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
 - Chapter 2 Core Concepts
 - Part II Architecture Development Method
 - Chapter 4 Introduction to part II
 - Chapter 20 Architecture Principles
 - Chapter 37 Architecture Repository

10. Governance (1 lesson)

Purpose

To position Architecture Governance in the context of general Corporate Governance and IT Governance.

Contents

- What is Governance and Architecture Governance
- How can one determine technical debt and deviations between intentional and realised architecture
- Examples: COBIT and Governance, Risk and Compliance - GRC
- How is Architecture Governance typically included in Corporate Governance, and how can one work with corrective actions
- What is the approach to governance in the architecture framework TOGAF

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
 - Chapter 4.4 Architecture Governance
 - Chapter 44 Architecture Governance

11. The IT Architecture in context (2 lessons)

Purpose

To present the connection between IT Architecture and the other processes in an organisation.

The focus is on the actors and their relationships with respect to cooperation, and on the purpose of the processes.

Contents

- Interaction between processes related to Enterprise Architecture and other processes of the organisation
- Enterprise Architecture and strategy management
 - Portfolio management and initiatives
 - Frames for development
 - Benefits realisation and process improvement
- Standards as architecture tools (Technology standards, ISO/IEC 42010, FDA Reference Architecture, DIT ACF)
- Software development methods (Scrum, Agile, SAFe®, DevOps)
- Operations and Service Management (ITIL® 4)
- Management of Change and Project Management (PRINCE2®, IPMA, MSP®, MoP™)
- Information security (ISO/IEC 27000 series, NIST)

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- FDA Referencearkitektur for brugerstyring: Summary in English
- TOGAF Standard, version 9.2:
 - Chapter 2 Core Concepts
 - Chapter 6 Phase A: Architecture Vision
 - Chapter 19 Applying the ADM Across the Architecture Landscape
 - Chapter 35.4 Enterprise Continuum in Detail
- The ICT Project Model and the ICT System Portfolio Model

12. The Architect's competencies and tasks

(1.5 lessons)

Purpose

To create coherence between the different architecture competencies, as described in the previous chapters.

Introduction to the DIT ACF architecture competence model, and to which competence profiles an architect should have, in order best to solve different tasks. In this way it is easier to find out whether you have all relevant competence areas represented in an architecture project.

Contents

- The Architect's competencies and tasks
- The Architect's job description
- The Architect's communication and stakeholder management
 - The Architect's advice to management
 - The Architect's cooperation with customers, partners, suppliers (internal and external)
- Danish IT Architecture Competence Framework (DIT ACF)
 - Self-evaluation, management evaluation and competence development

- The Architecture team in the organisation
- The Architects' roles in a project
 - Technical project manager
 - Project participant

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*
- DIT ACF – Danish IT Architecture Competence Framework: Architect roles and competencies
Introduction:
 - Competencies
 - Competence levels
 Profile tool, incl. Excel file:
 - Danish IT Architecture Competence Framework Profile tool
 Enterprise Architect
 Business Architect
 Information Architect
 Application Architect
 Technology Architect
 Solution Architect

13. Law, Legislation, Contracts and Agreements

(1 lesson)

Purpose

To give an insight into the importance of internal and external agreements and legislation for the IT Architecture.

To present examples of relevant legislation.

To introduce central legal issues which influence the IT Architecture.

Contents

- Examples of legislation influencing IT Architecture work (e.g. GDPR)
- Invitation to Tender and compliance – differences between the contexts of public and private organisations
- Regulation of industries (e.g. the pharmaceutical and finance sectors)
- Responsibility of the architect when using and developing contracts
- Contract paradigms: K01/K02/K03/K04, SKI-contracts, supplier- and purchaser-specific agreements, public procurement law
- Service Level Agreements - SLA
- Use of internal and external agreements
 - Procurement processes
 - The most important areas in internal and external agreements in relation to the IT Architecture

References

- The main documents; *Reading list for the whole certification*

References – list in alphabetical order

Danish IT Society Architecture Competence Framework - DIT ACF

Link <https://dit.dk/acf>
Author Danish IT Society
Language English

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Language English
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Link <https://dit.dk/Kurser-Certificeringer/Arkitektur/DIT-Arkitektur-Certificering/It-architecture-Foundation>

Danish IT Society Architecture Certification - Glossary

Publisher Danish IT Society
Language English
Version Version V3.00 2024.01.25 - or later versions
Link <https://dit.dk/Kurser-Certificeringer/Arkitektur/DIT-Arkitektur-Certificering/It-architecture-Foundation>

Danish IT Society Architecture Certification - Practical Case and Assignments

Publisher Danish IT Society
Language English
Link Provided by the Training Organisation prior to course start

FDA The digitally coherent public sector - White Paper on a common public-sector digital architecture

Publisher Agency for Digital Government
Language English
Version Version 1.0, June 2017 - or later versions
Link PDF https://arkitektur.digst.dk/sites/default/fileuploads/white_paper_on_a_common_public-sector_digital_architecture_pdfa.pdf
Link web <https://en.digst.dk/digital-governance/digital-architecture/white-paper-on-a-common-public-sector-digital-architecture/>

FDA Fællesoffentlig referencearkitektur for deling af data og dokumenter

Publisher Digitaliseringsstyrelsen
Language Danish; Executive summary in English
Version 1.0 May 2018
Perma-link <https://arkitektur.digst.dk/node/1240>

FDA Fællesoffentlig referencearkitektur for selvbetjening - selvbetjening tilrettelagt ud fra brugeroplevelsen

Publisher Digitaliseringsstyrelsen
Language Danish; Executive summary in English
Version 1.0 februar 2018
Perma-link <https://arkitektur.digst.dk/node/1100>

Perma-link <https://arkitektur.digst.dk/node/602>

FDA Referencearkitektur for brugerstyring

Publisher Digitaliseringsstyrelsen
Language Danish, Summary in English
Version 1.2, 2022, February 1
Perma-link <https://arkitektur.digst.dk/node/1098>
Perma-link <https://arkitektur.digst.dk/node/123>

Statens it-projektmodel

(The ICT Project Model and the ICT System Portfolio Model)

Publisher Økonomistyrelsen (Danish Ministry of Finance)
Language Danish
Link <https://oes.dk/it-og-oekonomistyring/it-projektstyring/statens-it-projektmodel/>

The TOGAF® Standard version 9.2

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Link, purchase <https://www.vanharen.net/the-togaf-standard-version-9-2/>
Link, free <https://publications.opengroup.org/c182>

Contact details and questions

Questions about the education can be addressed to the trainer(s) or to Danish IT Society / IT-professional certifications at certificering@dit.dk or tel. +45 33 11 15 60.

The certification and Danish IT Society Architecture Competence Framework – DIT ACF (the continuation and update of the OIO Architecture Guide's Architecture roles and competencies) are developed and maintained by Danish IT Society's Advisory Board.

Read more about

- Danish IT Society's Advisory Board <https://dit.dk/Kurser-Certificeringer/Arkitektur/DIT-Arkitektur-Certificering/Arkitektur-Advisory-Board>.
- Danish IT Society Architecture Certification™ www.dit.dk/ark.
- Danish IT Society Architecture Competence Framework www.dit.dk/acf.